Applicant: Basil Shorrosh et al. Attorney's Docket No.: 07148-094001 / A15-554.01

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In the Claims:

Please cancel claim 2. Please amend claim 1 as indicated below. A list of the claims and their status is shown below.

- 1. (Currently Amended) A plant containing a recombinant nucleic acid construct comprising a nucleic acid encoding a cytosolic ACCase operably linked to a promoter, wherein said construct lacks a nucleic acid encoding a transit peptide operably linked to said nucleic acid encoding said cytosolic ACCase, wherein said plant produces seeds that exhibit a statistically significant increase in oil content as compared to seeds produced by a corresponding plant lacking said nucleic acid construct, wherein said increase in oil content is from about 5% to about 25% on a dry weight basis.
 - 2. (Cancelled)
- 3. (Original) The plant of claim 1, wherein said nucleic acid encodes a plant cytosolic ACCase.
- 4. (Original) The plant of claim 3, wherein said nucleic acid encodes an alfalfa cytosolic ACCase.
- 5. (Original) The plant of claim 1, wherein said nucleic acid encoding said ACCase lacks introns.
- 6. (Original) The plant of claim 1, wherein said promoter is a cauliflower mosaic virus (CaMV) 35S promoter.
- 7. (Original) The plant of claim 6, wherein said nucleic acid encoding said cytosolic ACCase lacks introns.
 - 8. (Original) The plant of claim 1, wherein said plant is a soybean plant.
 - 9. (Original) The plant of claim 1, wherein said plant is a Brassica plant.
- 10. (Original) The plant of claim 9, wherein said plant is selected from the group consisting of *Brassica napus*, *Brassica rapa*, *Brassica juncea*, *Brassica carinata*, *Brassica nigra* and *Brassica oleracea*.
 - 11. (Original) Seeds produced by the plant of claim 1.
- 12. (Original) Progeny of the plant of claim 1, wherein said progeny produce seeds that exhibit said statistically significant increase in oil content.
 - 13-16 (Cancelled)

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17. (Previously presented) A method of producing a plant, comprising:

(a) providing a plant comprising a nucleic acid construct comprising a nucleic acid encoding a cytosolic ACCase operably linked to a promoter, wherein said construct lacks a nucleic acid encoding a transit peptide operably linked to said nucleic acid encoding said cytosolic ACCase; and

- (b) selecting, for at least one generation, progeny plants that produce seeds exhibiting a statistically significant increase in oil content as compared to seeds produced by a corresponding plant lacking said nucleic acid construct, wherein said increase in oil content is from about 5% to about 25% on a dry weight basis.
 - 18. (Cancelled)
- 19. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein said nucleic acid encodes a plant cytosolic ACCase.
- 20. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein said nucleic acid encodes an alfalfa cytosolic ACCase.
- 21. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein said nucleic acid encoding said cytosolic ACCase lacks introns.
 - 22. (Original)The method of claim 17, wherein said promoter is a CaMV 35S promoter.
- 23. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein said selecting is for at least three generations.

24-30 (Cancelled)

- 31. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein said plant is a *Brassica* plant.
- 32. (Original) The method of claim 31, wherein said plant is selected from the group consisting of *Brassica napus*, *Brassica rapa*, *Brassica juncea*, *Brassica carinata*, *Brassica nigra* and *Brassica oleracea*.
 - 33. (Currently amended) A method of producing a plant, comprising the step [[steps]] of:
- (a) introducing a construct into one or more plants, said construct comprising a nucleic acid encoding a cytosolic acetyl ACCase operably linked to a promoter, wherein said construct lacks a nucleic acid encoding a transit peptide operably linked to said nucleic acid encoding said cytosolic ACCase,

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wherein progeny of one or more of said transgenic plants, following at least one generation of selection, produce seeds that exhibit a statistically significant increase in oil content as compared to seeds produced by a corresponding plant lacking said nucleic acid encoding said ACCase, wherein said increase in oil content is from about 5% to about 25% on a dry weight basis.

34. (Previously presented) A method of increasing the oil content in seeds, comprising the steps of:

- (a) creating one or more plants containing a nucleic acid construct, said nucleic acid construct comprising a nucleic acid encoding a cytosolic ACCase operably linked to a promoter, wherein said construct lacks a nucleic acid encoding a transit peptide operably linked to said nucleic acid encoding said cytosolic ACCase; and
- (b) selecting progeny of said one or more plants that exhibit a statistically significant increase in oil content in seeds as compared to seeds produced by a corresponding plant lacking said nucleic acid encoding said ACCase, wherein said increase in oil content is from about 5% to about 25% on a dry weight basis.
- 35. (Original) The method of claim 34, wherein said selection step comprises selecting progeny that contain said nucleic acid construct.

36-39 (Cancelled)